

WORKSHOP: Indigenous Demographic Dividends in International Context

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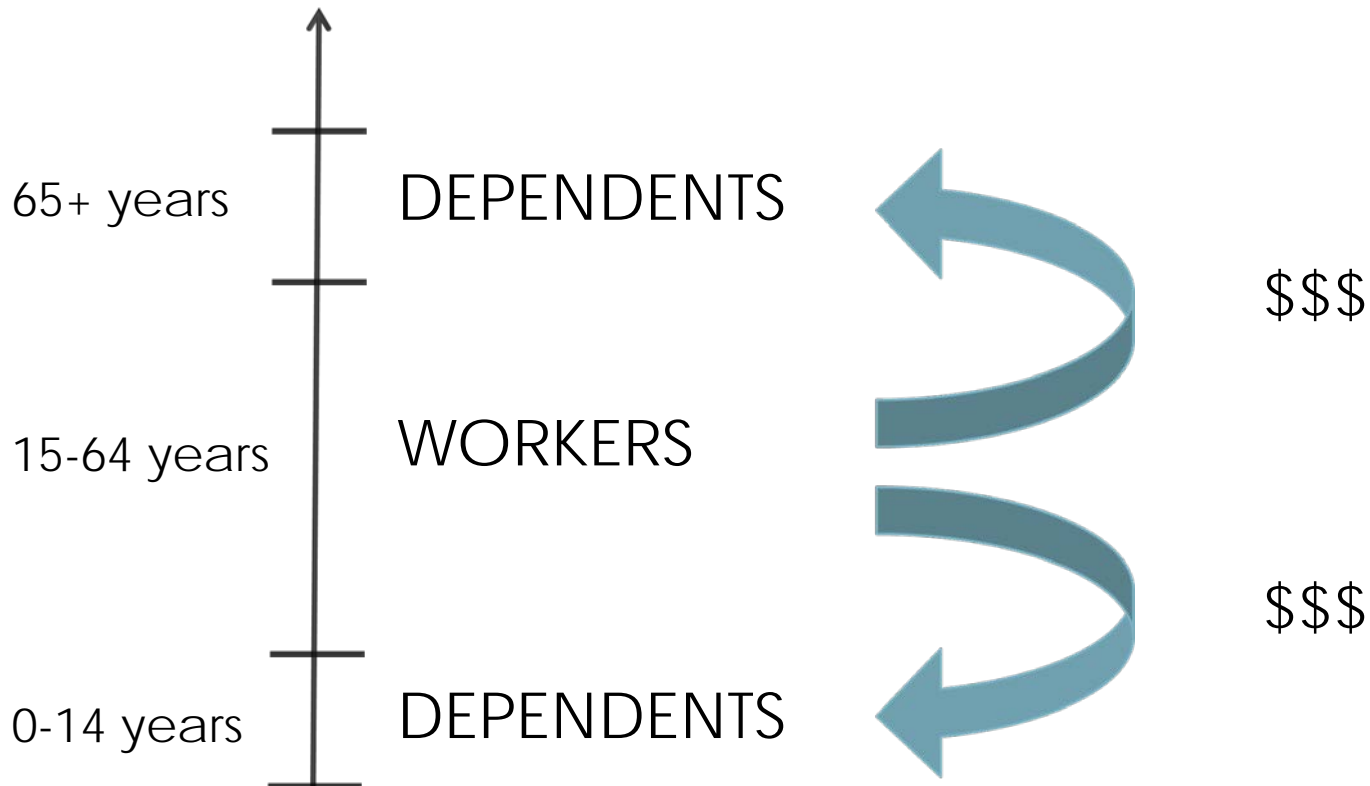
Your goal

- ▣ Helping Indigenous peoples to seize their future
 - ▣ Investments in education and employment to promote economic self-sufficiency;
 - ▣ Home financing to unlock equity;
 - ▣ Etc.

This workshop's objective

- ▣ Helping Indigenous peoples means helping Indigenous communities and their families
- ▣ Who are they?
- ▣ What is important for you to know about this population in order to achieve your goal?

What is the demographic dividend?



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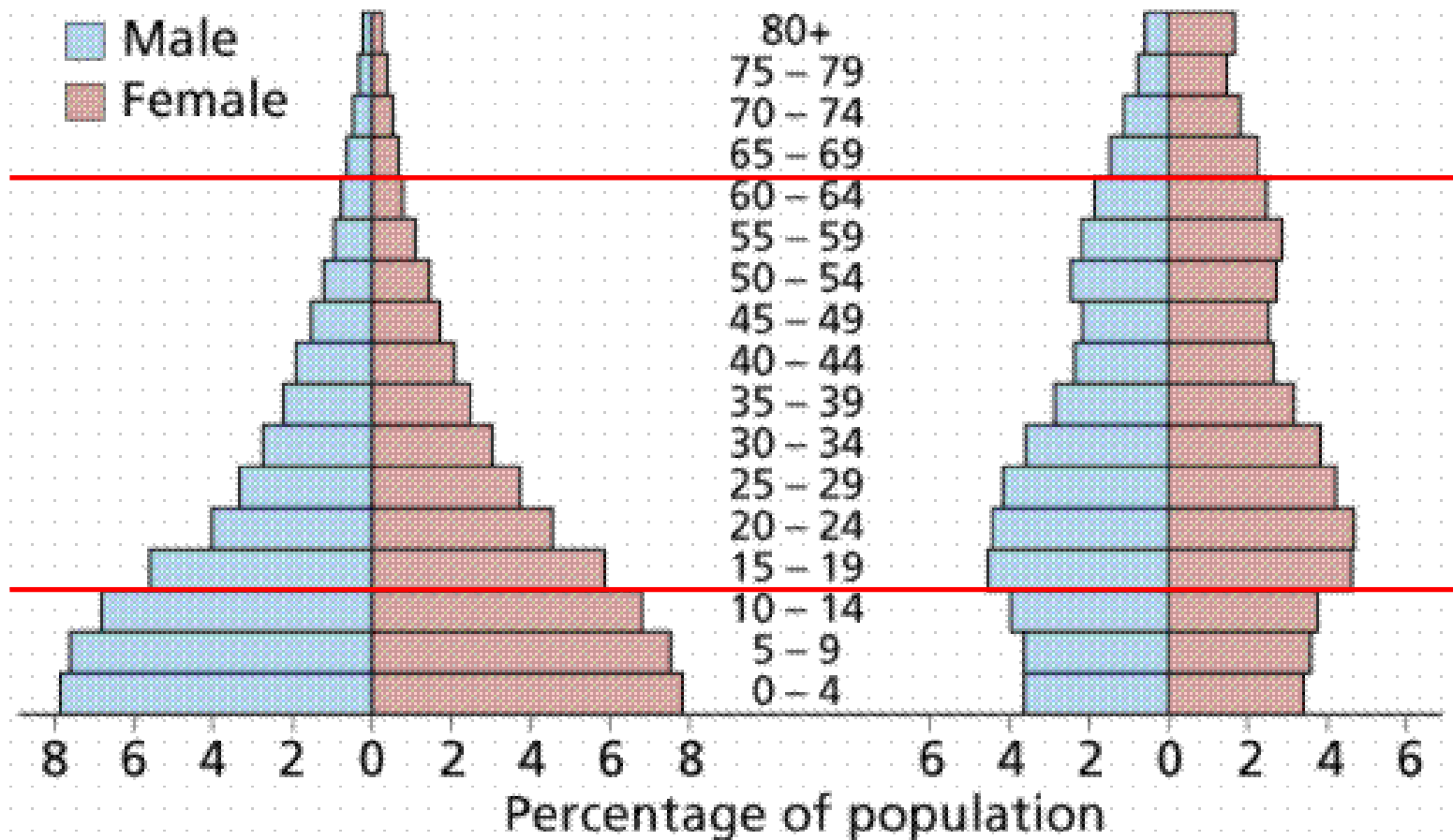
Lower potential for economic development



Higher potential for economic development

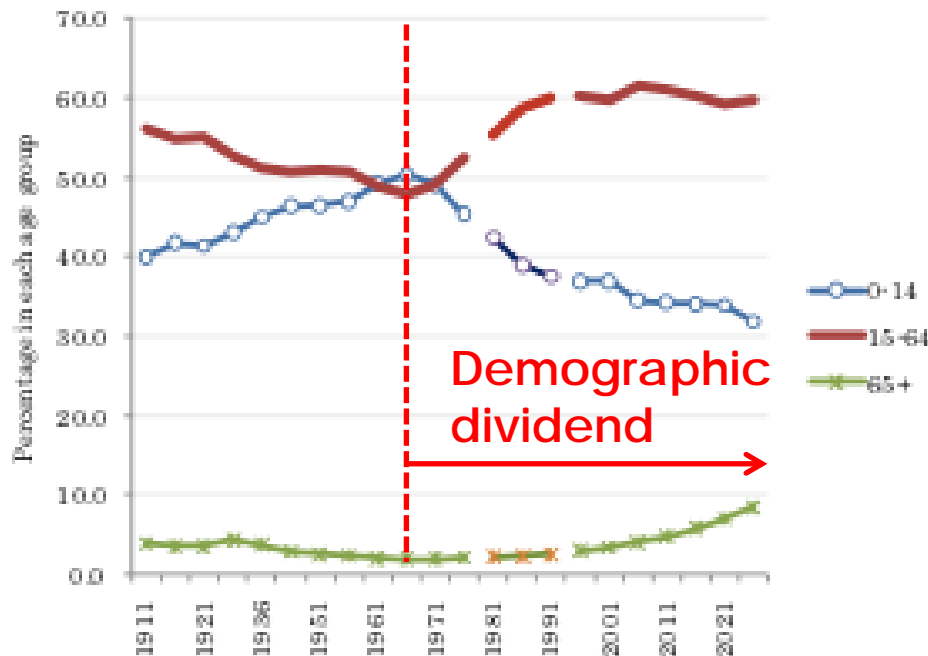


What is the demographic dividend?



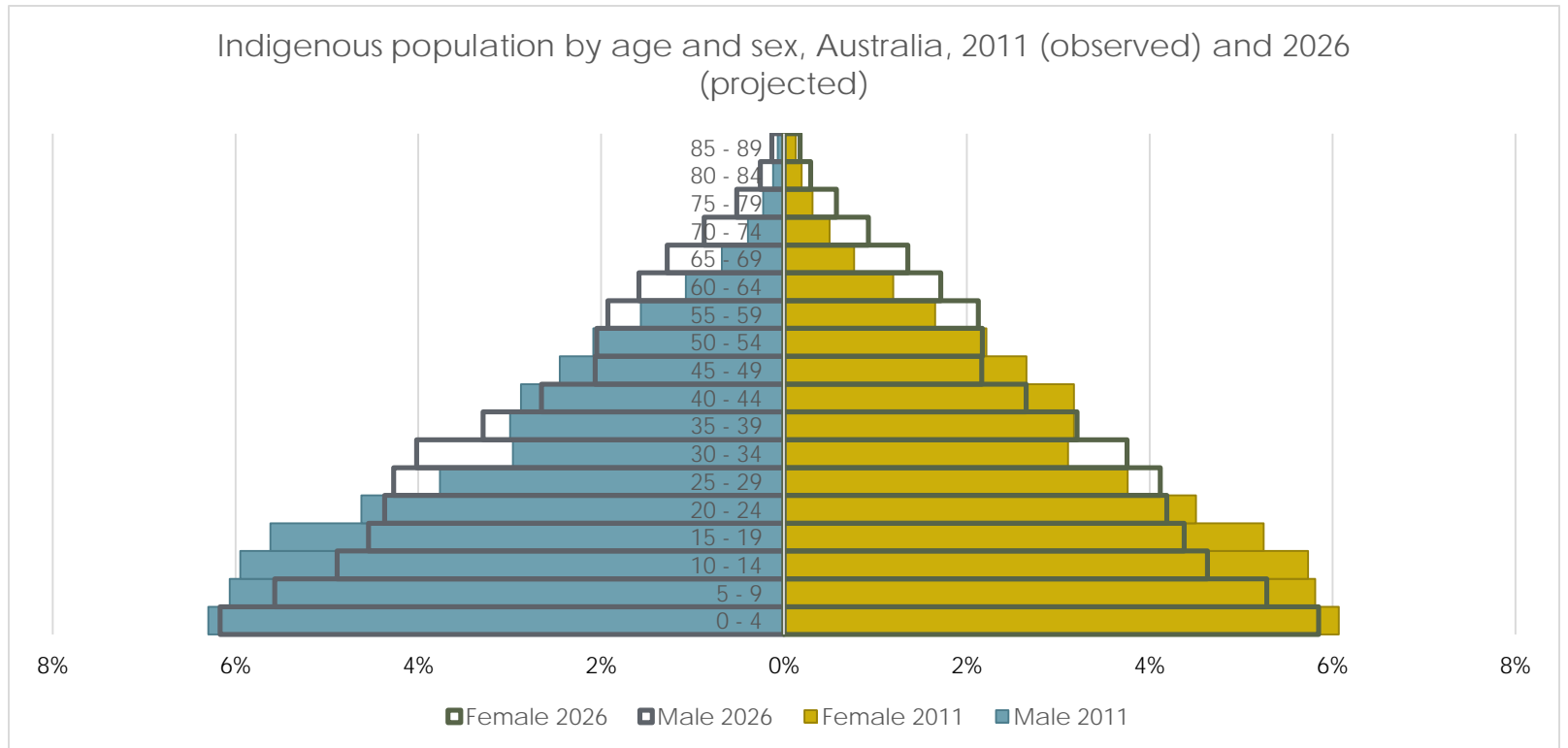
What is the demographic dividend?

Figure 2: Relative changes in size of broad age group for Māori*, 1911-2006 and projected 2006-2026

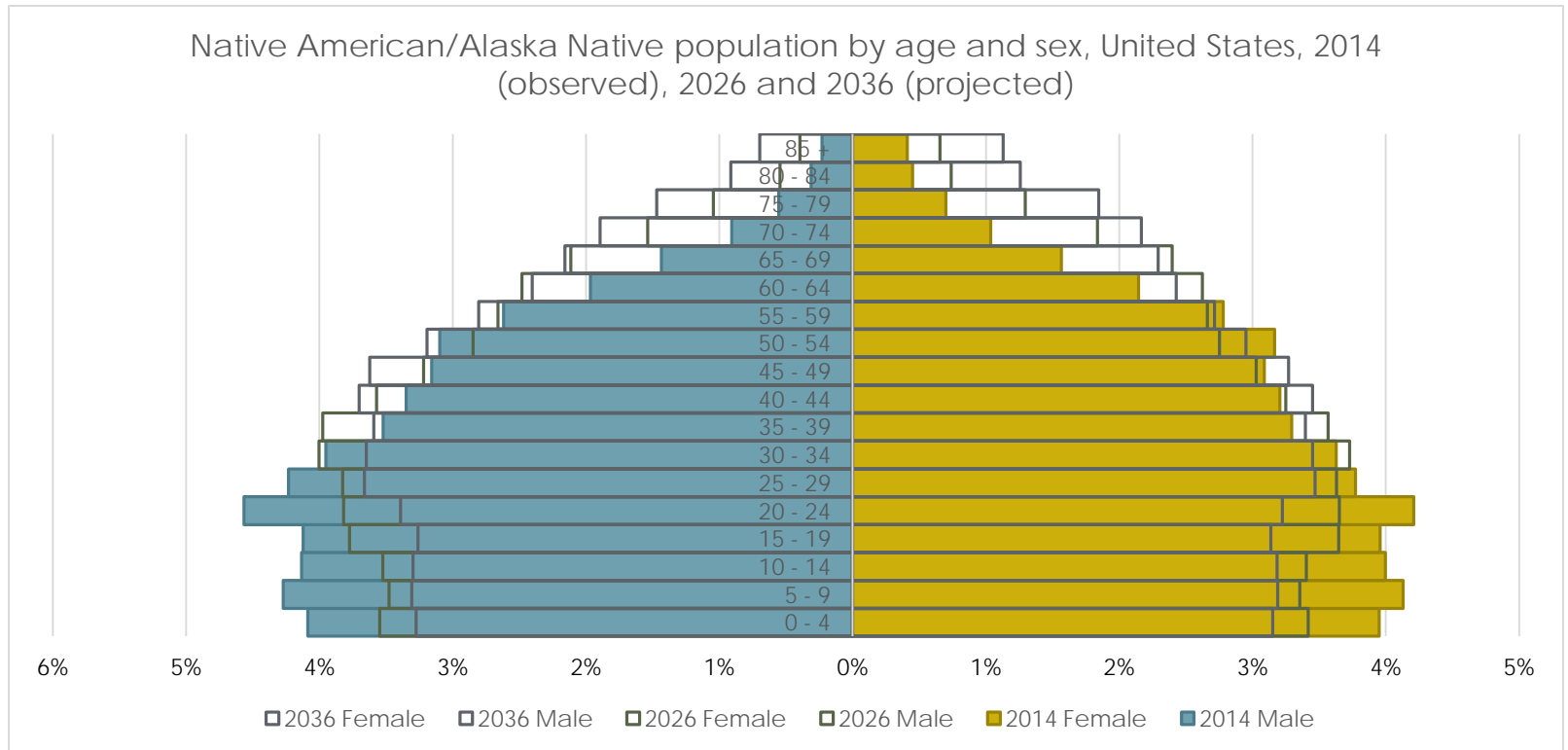


Source: Statistics New Zealand (various years) Census populations; Statistics New Zealand (2010) Projected ethnic population of New Zealand, by age and sex, 2006 base + 2026 update, Series 6.

The DD in Australia

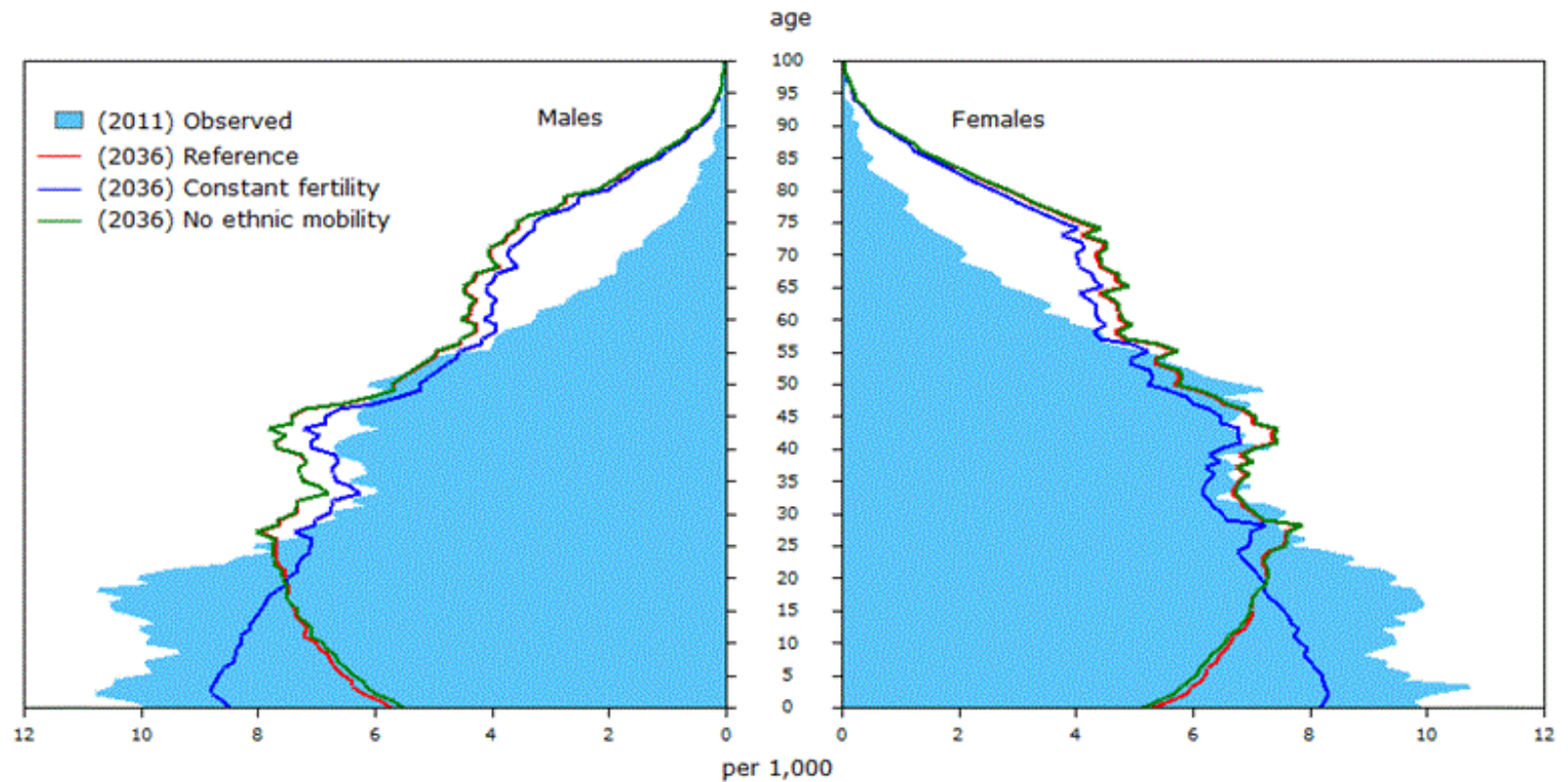


The DD for Native Americans



The DD in Canada: Registered FN

Distribution (per thousand) of the registered Indian population by age and sex, Canada, 2011 (observed) and 2036 (according to three projection scenarios)

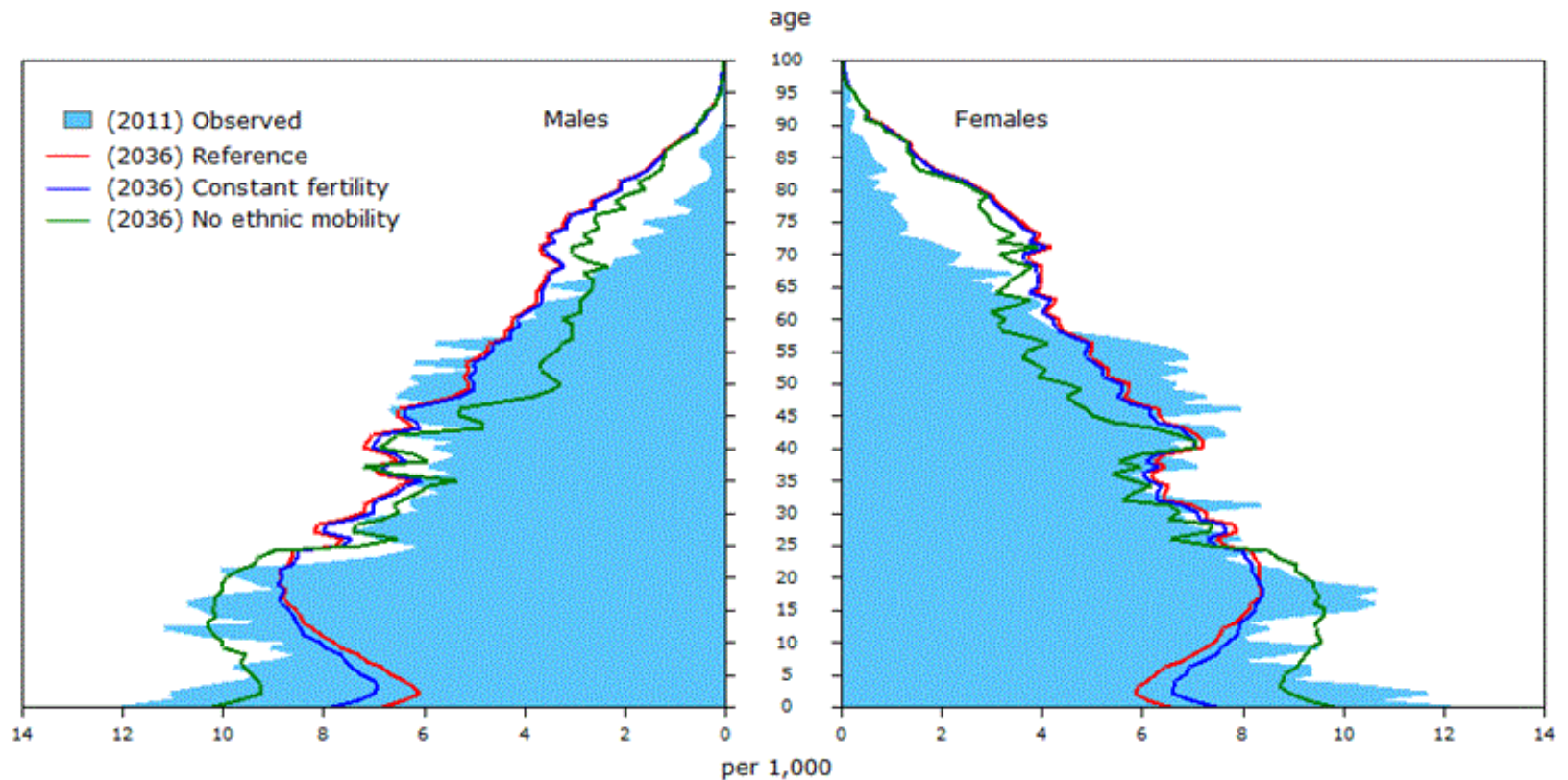


Note: Persons aged 100 and over are included in the age 100.

Source: Statistics Canada, Demography Division.

The DD in Canada: non-status FN

Distribution (per thousand) of the non-status Indian population by age and sex, Canada, 2011 (observed) and 2036 (according to three projection scenarios)

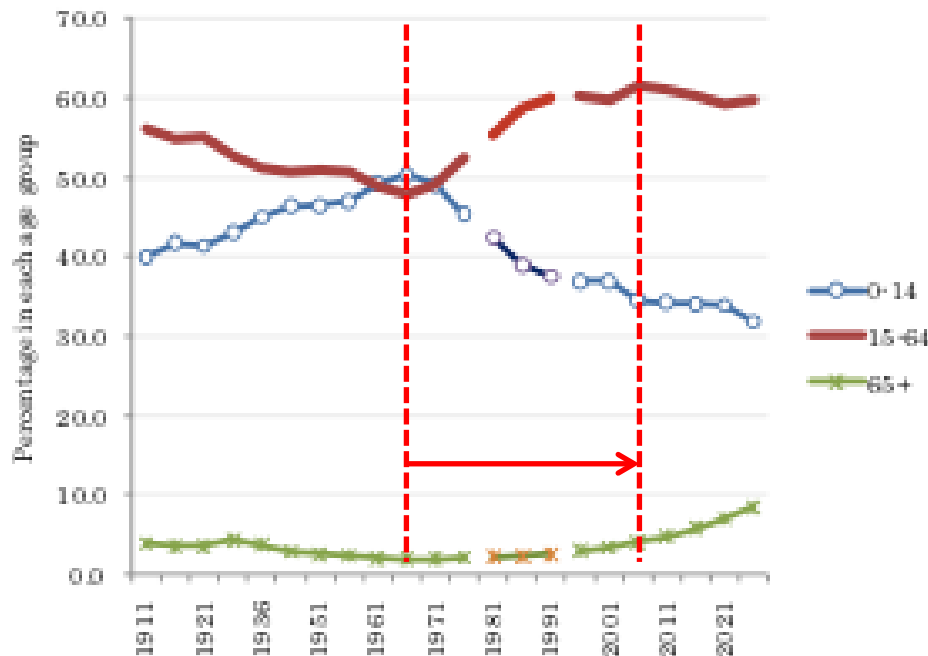


Note: Persons aged 100 and over are included in the age 100.

Source: Statistics Canada, Demography Division.

When does the DD end?

Figure 2: Relative changes in size of broad age group for Māori*, 1911-2006 and projected 2006-2026



Source: Statistics New Zealand (various years) Census populations; Statistics New Zealand (2010) Projected ethnic population of New Zealand, by age and sex, 2006 base - 2026 update, Series 6.

The DD is not guaranteed

- **IF** the working-age population:
 - Has received sufficient training (education opportunities)
 - Can integrate into the labor market (employment opportunities)
- **AND** the proper policies are put into place (for example, to ensure gender equality)
- **THEN** the demographic dividend means accelerated economic growth.

The second DD

- ▣ **IF** effective policies are implemented during the time of the first demographic dividend, higher savings of the working-age population might consolidate into an additional bonus:
 - ▣ Additional investment;
 - ▣ Sustained economic growth.

Additional challenges for Indigenous peoples

- Fertility decline among Indigenous peoples worldwide has not reduced fertility at young ages (teen years) but rather at older ages.
- Economic benefits might not be for everyone...